

## HOMEWORK SET 6

MATH 415, SUMMER 2013

### 1. READING

Read chapter 6, sections 3-7 and 9.

### 2. PROBLEMS

All of the following problems are from Sadun's text.

- (1) Section 6.3, problems 1–4, 6-7.
- (2) Section 6.4, problems 1–4.
- (3) Section 6.5, problems 5–8, 10–12,
- (4) Section 6.6, problems 1,2
- (5) Section 6.7, problems 2–4, 8, 10.
- (6) Section 6.9, problems 1,2, 4, 5.

Here are some additional exercises to think about.

- (1) Define the following map,  $\langle \cdot, \cdot \rangle: V \times V \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  by

$$\int_{-1}^1 f(t)g(t)\sqrt{1-t^2} dt,$$

where  $V = \mathbb{R}[t]$ . Show that this is a *bilinear form*. Show that this is *symmetric*, and *positive*, and therefore conclude that this is an inner product.

- (2) For this problem only, we will use  $x$  in place of  $t$  as our independent variable. Consider a function  $\phi$  expanded in its Fourier basis:

$$\phi(x) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{L}\right),$$

where the  $a_n$ 's are unknown quantities.

- (a) Show that  $\phi(0) = \phi(1) = 0$ .
- (b) Suppose  $\phi''(x) = f(x)$ , where

$$f(x) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} c_n \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{L}\right),$$

is a known function. Write down a formula for the  $a_n$  in terms of the  $c_n$ . *Hint:* equate coefficients of the basis functions!

(c) Use your results from part (b) to solve the following boundary value problem:

$$\begin{cases} \phi''(x) = f(x), & x \in [0, 1]; \\ \phi(0) = \phi(1) = 0, \end{cases}$$

where  $f$  is piecewise defined as

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x & \text{if } x < 1/2; \\ 1 - x & \text{if } x \geq 1/2. \end{cases}$$