

### 309 Worksheet 6.1

(1) Let  $f : X \longrightarrow Y$  be a function. Negate the notion of 'one-to-one' and 'onto' functions using 'for all' and 'exists':

(a)  $f$  is not one-to-one if

(b)  $f$  is not onto if

(2) Let  $X = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ . Describe a set  $Y$  and a function  $f : X \longrightarrow Y$  so that  $f$  is:  
(Note that in all 4 cases the set  $Y$  may vary.)

(a) onto  $Y$  but not one-to-one

(b) one-to-one but not onto

(c) both one-to-one and onto

(d) neither one-to-one nor onto

(3) Let  $f : X \rightarrow Y$  be a function. Show that  $f$  is one-to-one and onto if and only if there is a function  $g : Y \rightarrow X$  so that  $fg = \text{id}_Y$  and  $gf = \text{id}_X$ .

(4) A diagram of functions

$$\begin{array}{ccc} X & \xrightarrow{f} & Y \\ h \downarrow & & g \downarrow \\ S & \xrightarrow{\ell} & T \end{array}$$

is called *commutative* if  $gf = \ell h$ , that is, the two composition functions  $gf, \ell h : X \rightarrow T$  are identical.

Verify that the following diagrams are commutative:

(a)

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \mathbb{R} & \xrightarrow{f} & \mathbb{R} \\ h \downarrow & & g \downarrow \\ \mathbb{R} & \xrightarrow{\ell} & \mathbb{R} \end{array}$$

where  $f(x) = 2x$ ,  $g(x) = \frac{1}{2}x$ ,  $h(x) = x + 2$ , and  $\ell(x) = x - 2$ .

(b)

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \mathbb{R}^2 & \xrightarrow{f} & \mathbb{R}^3 \\ h \downarrow & & g \downarrow \\ \mathbb{R}^4 & \xrightarrow{\ell} & \mathbb{R}^3 \end{array}$$

where  $f(x, y) = (2x, 3y, 4)$ ,  $g(x, y, z) = (x, y, 0)$ ,  $h(x, y) = (2x, y, 0)$ , and  $\ell(x, y, z, u) = (x, 3y, 0)$ .