Math 868 — Homework 8

Due Monday, Nov 5

These problems relate to Chapter 11 in Lee's textbook. All vector spaces are real vector spaces.

- 1. Prove that $V \otimes \mathbf{R} \cong V$ as follows.
 - (a) Define $A: V \oplus \mathbf{R} \to V$ by A(v, c) = cv. Prove that A is bilinear.
 - (b) Apply the universal property and show that the resulting map \tilde{A} is an isomorphism.
- 2. (a) If V and W are vector spaces of finite positive dimensions n and m, prove that the set L(V, W) of all linear maps $\lambda : V \to W$ is a vector space of dimension mn.
 - (b) Prove that $L(V,W) \cong V^* \otimes W$. (*Hint:* define $A : V^* \oplus W \to L(V,W)$ by $A(\alpha, w)(v) = \alpha(w) v$. As in Problem 1, show this is bilinear, apply the universal property, and show the resulting map \tilde{A} is an isomorphism.
- 3. (a) Let V be an *n*-dimensional real vector space. Show that

dim Sym^k(V) =
$$\binom{n+k-1}{n-1} = \frac{(n+k-1)!}{k!(n-1)!}$$

Hint: This is the number of degree k monomials in n variables. Draw n + k - 1 dots in a row, put slashes through n - 1 of them, and use these picture to assign powers to the variables x_1, \ldots, x_n .

- (b) What is the dimension of $\text{Sym}^2(V)$? How many degree 5 monomials are there in the variables x, y, z?
- 4. (a) Do Problem 12-2 in Lee, page 319.
 - (b) Do Problem 12-5 in Lee, page 320.
- 5. Let M be a *n*-dimensional manifold. Prove that n functions $f^1, \ldots, f^n : M \to \mathbf{R}$ forms a coordinate system in a neighborhood of $p \in M$ if and only if $df^1 \wedge \cdots \wedge df^n \neq 0$ in $\Lambda^n(T_p^*M)$.