6 (b) - Implicit Differentiation

Remark 6.12.

Today we will practice implicit differentiation with 3 variables: x, y, and t. Where x = x(t) and y = y(t), that is x and y depend on t. This will lead us nicely into related rates problems.

8 (a) - Related Rates

Remark 8.1 (General Technique for solving Related Rate Problems).

- (i) Relating given quantities with an equation.
- (ii) Differentiating the equation (using implicit differentiation and the chain rule).
- (iii) Solving for some rate of change (derivative).

Remark 8.2.

Geometric/Trig formulas you are expected to know

• Circles

$$C = \pi d \qquad \qquad d = 2r \qquad \qquad A = \pi r^2$$

• Triangles

$$A = \frac{1}{2}bh \qquad c^2 = a^2 + b^2 \text{ (for right } \Delta s)$$

$$\sin \theta = \frac{O}{H} \text{ (for right } \Delta s) \qquad \cos \theta = \frac{A}{H} \text{ (for right } \Delta s) \qquad \tan \theta = \frac{O}{A} = \frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta} \text{ (for right } \Delta s)$$

• Rectangles (Squares)

$$P = 2l + 2w \qquad \qquad A = lu$$

• Spheres

 $V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3 \qquad \qquad SA = 4\pi r^2$

 \bullet Cones

$$V = \frac{h}{3} (\text{area of base})$$

• Cylinders

V = h(area of base)

Example 8.3 (Instructor).

Suppose you have the following information:

$$y(t) = \frac{\pi}{12}x(t)^3$$
 $y'(t) = 9$ $y(a) = 6$

Find y'(a).

Example 8.4 (Instructor).

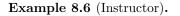
Suppose you have the following information:

 $169 = x(t)^2 + y(t)^2 \qquad y'(t) = -3 \qquad x(a) = 5 \qquad x(t) \ge 0 \qquad y(t) \ge 0$

Find x'(a).

Example 8.5 (Instructor).

A cone-shaped tank is filling with water at a constant rate of 9 ft^3/min . The tank is 10 ft tall, and has a base radius of 5 ft. How fast is the water level rising when the water is 6 ft deep?



A 13 foot ladder is leaning against a wall, and is sliding down, with the top of the ladder moving downwards along the wall at 3 ft/sec. How fast is the bottom of the ladder moving away from the wall when the bottom is 5 ft from the base of the wall?

Example 8.7 (Student).

A sphere is growing, its volume increasing at a constant rate of 10 in³ per second. Let r(t), V(t), and S(t), be the radius, volume, and surface area of the sphere at time t. If r(1) = 2, then compute:

(a) r'(1)

(b) S'(1)

Example 8.8 (Student).

A circle is growing, its radius (in inches) given by $r(t) = \sqrt{t}$ for t in seconds. How fast is the area growing at time t = 4?

Example 8.9 (Student (if time)).

A right triangle is growing, with its vertical side growing at a constant rate of 1 unit per second, and its horizontal side growing at a constant rate of 2 units per second. At time t = 2 seconds, how fast is the hypotenuse growing?

