Solution

Quiz #10

1. $(2 \ points)$ Find a parametrization of the line segment starting at the point (-2,3) and ending at the point (3,1) using linear functions x(t) and y(t) with 0 < t < 1.

$$\chi(t) = at + b$$
 | $\chi(0) = b = -2$ | $\chi(1) = a - 2 = 3 \Rightarrow a = 5$ | $\chi(t) = 5t - 2$ | $\chi(t) = ct + d$ | $\chi(0) = d = 3$ | $\chi(1) = c + 3 = 1 \Rightarrow c = -2$ | $\chi(t) = 5t - 2$ | $\chi(t) = -2t + 3$ | $\chi(t) = -2t + 3$

2. (3 points) Consider the following pairs of polar coordinates (r, θ) . Do they describe the same point in the plane? Write 'T' if they do and 'F' if they do not.

$$(16, \frac{32\pi}{3}), (-16, -\frac{\pi}{3})$$

$$(2, \frac{\pi}{3}), (-2, -\frac{\pi}{3})$$

$$(16, \frac{32\pi}{3}), (-16, \frac{\pi}{3})$$

$$(2, 5\pi), (-2, 5\pi)$$

$$(1, \frac{21\pi}{4}), (-1, \frac{\pi}{4})$$

$$(0, \pi), (0, \frac{\pi}{2})$$

3. (5 points) Consider the equation $r=4\sin\theta$ in polar coordinates. What is the equivalent equation in cartesian coordinates? What kind of curve is given by this equation? Describe it in detail or sketch it.

$$7z = 4 \sin 0 \Rightarrow 7z^{2} = 4 \% \sin 0 \Rightarrow x^{2} + y^{2} = 4y \Rightarrow x^{2} + y^{2} - 4y = 0.$$

$$x^{2} + (y - 2)^{2} - 4 = 0 \Rightarrow x^{2} + (y - 2)^{2} = 2^{2} \text{ equation of the }$$
Circle centered at $(x,y) = (0,2)$ of radius 2.