Linear Algebra I

Recitation 1

(A) Consider the following system of equations:

x_1	+	x_2	+	x_3	+	x_4	+	x_5	=	7
$3x_1$	+	$2x_2$	+	x_3	_	x_4	_	$3x_5$	=	2
		x_2	+	$2x_3$	+	$2x_4$	+	$6x_5$	=	23
$5x_1$	+	$4x_2$	+	$3x_3$	+	$3x_4$	_	x_5	=	12

(A1) Determine the augmented matrix of the linear system:

(A2) Find the reduced echelon form of the augmented matrix in (A):

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(A3) Determine the solution set of the linear system in (A):

(A4) Change the last equation in the system of (A) into:

 $5x_1 + 4x_2 + 3x_3 + 3x_4 - x_5 = 10.$

Determine the augmented matrix of the new system and find its reduced echelon form:

(A5) What is the solution set of the new system?

(B) Determine the value(s) of h such that the matrix is the augmented matrix of a linear system of equations whose solution set is not the empty set: (B1)

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & h & -3 \\ -2 & 4 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & -3 & h \\ -6 & 9 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

(C) True or False? Justify your answer:

(C1) Every reduced echelon form of a nonzero matrix has leading entry 1. True - False? REASON:

(C2) Every reduced echelon form of a nonzero matrix has (1, 1)-entry 1.True - False?REASON:

(C3) The echelon form of a matrix is unique.True - False?REASON:

(C4) Whenever a system has a free variable, the solution set contains infinitely many solutions.True - False?REASON:

(C5) A homogeneous system of 5 linear equations and 6 unknowns has at least one non-trivial solution.True - False?REASON:

(C6) A homogeneous system of 6 linear equations and 5 unknowns has at least one non-trivial solution.True - False?REASON: