Math 458 - Practice Problems for Quiz # 4 - Fall 2023

1. Let S(t) be the price of a stock at time t, modeled via

$$dS(t) = 0.1 S(t) dt + 0.2 S(t) dW(t).$$

Calculate the probability p that after two years, the stock price is larger than its initial price.

2. If W(t) is a standard Brownian motion and

$$X(t) = W(t)^3 + c t W(t)$$

is a martingale, find c^*

3. Let W(t) be a standard Brownian motion. Compute the quadratic variation of

$$X(t) = 3 + 4W(t)$$

from t = 0 to t = 2.

- 4. $\{X(t)\}_{t\geq 0}$ follows arithmetic Brownian motion such that X(45) = 41. The drift factor of this Brownian motion is 0.153, and the volatility is 0.98. What is the probability that X(61) < 50?
- 5. For W(t) standard Brownian motion, show that

$$\mathbb{P}(W(1) \le 0 \text{ and } W(2) \le 0) = \frac{3}{8}.$$

6. Solve the stochastic differential equation

$$dX(t) = \frac{b - X(t)}{1 - t} dt + dW(t)$$

where $0 \le t < 1$ and X(0) = a. Here $a, b \in \mathbb{R}$ are arbitrary (but fixed) constants.

$$dX(t) = \mu(X(t), t) dt + \sigma(X(t), t) dW(t)$$

is a martingale if and only if $\mu(X(t), t) = 0$.

 $^{^{*}\}mathit{Hint:}$ Use the fact that an Itô process