

Name:

key

PID:

Summer 2012 – Math 234 – Quiz 3

Be sure to show your work!

1. (10 points) Calculate the limit below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \lim_{\substack{(x,y) \rightarrow (3,6) \\ x+y \neq 9}} \frac{x+y-9}{\sqrt{x+y}-3} \\ &= \lim_{\substack{(x,y) \rightarrow (3,6) \\ x+y \neq 9}} \frac{(\sqrt{x+y}+3)(\sqrt{x+y}-3)}{\sqrt{x+y}-3} \\ &= \lim_{\substack{(x,y) \rightarrow (3,6) \\ x+y \neq 9}} (\sqrt{x+y}+3) \\ &= \sqrt{3+6}+3 = 6 \end{aligned}$$

2. (6 points) Let
- $f(x,y) = \sin^{-1}(y/x)$
- , where
- $0 < y < x$
- , calculate the 2
- nd
- derivatives
- f_{xy}
- and
- f_{yx}
- .

$$\begin{aligned} f_y &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-y^2/x^2}} \cdot \frac{1}{x} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2-y^2}} \\ f_{yx} &= \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right) (x^2-y^2)^{-\frac{3}{2}} \cdot 2x \\ &= -x (x^2-y^2)^{-\frac{3}{2}} \\ f_{xy} &= f_{yx} \end{aligned}$$

3. (4 points) True or False

T F (1) The domain of the function $f(x,y) = \sqrt{16-x^2-4y^2}$ is bounded.

$$x^2 + 4y^2 \leq 16 \quad \text{ellipse} \quad \text{bounded}$$