

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

1. **BY HAND - Arnoldi:** Let  $A \in \mathbb{R}^{4 \times 4}$  and  $\mathbf{b} \in \mathbb{C}^4$  be

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & -1 & -1 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{7}{3} & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}, \text{ and } \mathbf{b} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ -3 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}.$$

Do one Arnoldi iteration beginning with  $\mathbf{b}$  in order to generate a the factorization  $AQ_1 = Q_2H_1$  where  $Q_1 \in \mathbb{C}^{4 \times 1}$  consists of a single unit norm column,  $Q_2 \in \mathbb{C}^{4 \times 2}$  has two orthonormal columns, and  $H_1 \in \mathbb{C}^{2 \times 1}$ . **CHECK YOU ANSWER WITH A NEIGHBOR!**

2. **BY HAND - GMRES:** Approximate the solution to  $A\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{b}$  using your answer to the first question by: (i) solving for

$$\beta := \arg \min_{\alpha \in \mathbb{C}} \|AQ_1\alpha - \mathbf{b}\|_2,$$

and then (ii) using  $\beta$  to approximate the solution  $\mathbf{x} \in \mathbb{C}^4$ .

3. **BY HAND - Arnoldi:** Let  $A \in \mathbb{R}^{4 \times 4}$  and  $\mathbf{b} \in \mathbb{C}^4$  be

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & -1 & -1 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{7}{3} & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}, \text{ and } \mathbf{b} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ -3 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}.$$

Do two Arnoldi iterations beginning with  $\mathbf{b}$  in order to generate a the factorization  $AQ_2 = Q_3H_2$  where  $Q_2 \in \mathbb{C}^{4 \times 2}$  has two orthonormal columns,  $Q_3 \in \mathbb{C}^{4 \times 3}$  has three orthonormal columns, and  $H_2 \in \mathbb{C}^{3 \times 2}$  is in Hessenberg form. **CHECK YOUR ANSWER WITH A NEIGHBOR!**

4. **BY HAND - Arnoldi:** Let  $A \in \mathbb{R}^{4 \times 4}$  and  $\mathbf{b} \in \mathbb{C}^4$  be

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & -1 & -1 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{7}{3} & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}, \text{ and } \mathbf{b} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ -3 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}.$$

(a) Write down all eigenvalues of  $A$ .

(b) Use the upper  $2 \times 2$  submatrix of  $H_2$  from the last problem in order to approximate two eigenvalues and eigenvectors of  $A$ .

(c) Did you find any real eigenvalues and eigenvectors of  $A$  this way?