

Properties of The Laplace Transform

Laplace transforms of some basic functions:

$$\mathcal{L}\{1\} = \frac{1}{s}; \quad s > 0.$$

$$\mathcal{L}\{\sin(kt)\} = \frac{k}{s^2 + k^2}; \quad s > 0.$$

$$\mathcal{L}\{\sinh(kt)\} = \frac{k}{s^2 - k^2}; \quad s > |k|.$$

$$\mathcal{L}\{t^n\} = \frac{n!}{s^{n+1}}; \quad s > 0.$$

$$\mathcal{L}\{\cos(kt)\} = \frac{s}{s^2 + k^2}; \quad s > 0.$$

$$\mathcal{L}\{\cosh(kt)\} = \frac{s}{s^2 - k^2}; \quad s > |k|.$$

$$\mathcal{L}\{e^{kt}\} = \frac{1}{s - k}; \quad s > k.$$

Properties of the Laplace transform:

Translation Theorem: $\mathcal{L}\{e^{kt}f(t)\} = F(s - k) = \mathcal{L}\{f(t)\}|_{s \rightarrow s-k}$

Derivatives of Laplace Transforms: $\mathcal{L}\{t^n f(t)\} = (-1)^n \frac{d^n}{ds^n} F(s)$

Laplace Transforms of Derivatives: $\mathcal{L}\{f^{(n)}(t)\} = s^n F(s) - s^{n-1}f(0) - s^{n-2}f'(0) - \dots - sf^{(n-2)}(0) - f^{(n-1)}(0)$

Find the Laplace transforms below, with the frequency domain as well.

1. $\mathcal{L}\{te^{10t}\}$.
2. $\mathcal{L}\{t^3e^{-2t}\}$.
3. $\mathcal{L}\{e^t \sin(3t)\}$.
4. $\mathcal{L}\{e^{-t} \sin^2 t\}$.
5. $\mathcal{L}\{t(e^t + e^{2t})^2\}$.
6. $\mathcal{L}\{t \cos(2t)\}$.
7. $\mathcal{L}\{e^{5t} \sinh(3t)\}$.
8. $\mathcal{L}\{te^{2t} \sin(6t)\}$.
9. $\mathcal{L}\{e^{-2t}(t^3 + 1)^2\}$.
10. $\mathcal{L}\{te^{at} \sin(bt)\}$.

11. Suppose y is the solution to the IVP:

$$y'' - 2y' + y = 0; \quad y(0) = 2, y'(0) = 3.$$

Find $Y(s)$, the Laplace transform of y (without solving the IVP!).