

FIND RADIUS & INTERVAL OF CONVERGENCE

1). $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n}{8^n} (x+3)^n$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left| \frac{a_{n+1}}{a_n} \right| = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left| \frac{n+1}{8^{n+1}} (x+3)^{n+1} \cdot \frac{8^n}{n(x+3)^n} \right|$$

$$= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} |x+3| \frac{1}{8} \frac{n+1}{n} = \frac{|x+3|}{8} < 1$$

\Rightarrow By Ratio Test, series is a.c. when $|x+3| < 8$ and divergent when $|x+3| > 8$. R=8

$$|x+3| < 8 \Leftrightarrow -8 < x+3 < 8 \Leftrightarrow -11 < x < 5$$

Endpoints:

X = -11: $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n}{8^n} (-8)^n = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n \cdot n$ divergent

by T for Div: $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} ((-1)^n \cdot n)$ DNE

X = 5: $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n}{8^n} \cdot 8^n = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n$ divergent

by T for Div: $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} (n) = \infty$.

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{R=8, I=(-11, 5)}$$

2). $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n! (2x-1)^n$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left| \frac{a_{n+1}}{a_n} \right| = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left| \frac{(n+1)! (2x-1)^{n+1}}{n! (2x-1)^n} \right|$$

$$= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} (n+1) \cdot |2x-1| = \begin{cases} \infty & \text{if } x \neq 1/2 \\ 0 & \text{if } x = 1/2 \end{cases}$$

\Rightarrow By Ratio Test, series only converges if $x = 1/2$
 $\boxed{R=0, I=\{1/2\}}$

3). $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(x-4)^n}{n^n}$ Root Test!

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt[n]{|a_n|} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{|x-4|}{n} = 0 < 1 \text{ for all real } x$$

\Rightarrow By Root Test, the series is abs. conv. for all real x

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{R=\infty, I=(-\infty, \infty) = \mathbb{R}}$$

4). $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-4)^n}{n\sqrt{n}} \cdot x^n$

$$a_n = \frac{(-4)^n}{n\sqrt{n}} \cdot x^n$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left| \frac{a_{n+1}}{a_n} \right| = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left| \frac{(-4)^{n+1} \cdot x^{n+1}}{(n+1)\sqrt{n+1}} \cdot \frac{n\sqrt{n}}{(-4)^n \cdot x^n} \right|$$

$$= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} 4|x| \frac{n\sqrt{n}}{(n+1)\sqrt{n+1}} = 4|x| < 1$$

\Rightarrow By Ratio Test, the series is abs. conv. for $|x| < \frac{1}{4}$ and divergent for $|x| > \frac{1}{4}$. R=1/4

Endpoints:

X = -1/4 $\Rightarrow \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-4)^n}{n\sqrt{n}} \left(-\frac{1}{4}\right)^n = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n\sqrt{n}}$ convergent
 p-series ($p=3/2$)

X = 1/4 $\Rightarrow \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-4)^n}{n\sqrt{n}} \cdot \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^n = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n\sqrt{n}}$ convergent

\rightarrow AST: $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n b_n$, w/ $b_n = \frac{1}{n\sqrt{n}}$ (dec, $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} b_n = 0$)

or \rightarrow Abs. conv.: $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left| \frac{(-1)^n}{n\sqrt{n}} \right| = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n\sqrt{n}}$ conv. p-series

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{R=1/4, I=[-1/4, 1/4]}$$