

# Linear Differential Systems

*The mass-spring equation as a first order linear differential system*

Team Members: 1. \_\_\_\_\_  
2. \_\_\_\_\_  
3. \_\_\_\_\_  
4. \_\_\_\_\_

## Objectives

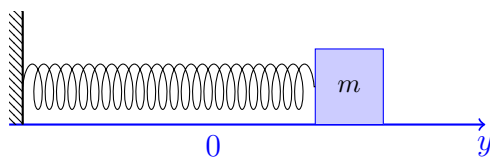
To have a better understanding of direction fields, phase portraits, and graph of solutions functions of a first order linear system of differential equations.

## Introduction

A mass-spring system is an object attached to a spring and slides on a table. The system has the following properties:

- the object has mass  $m > 0$ ,
- the spring has spring constant  $k > 0$ ,
- the friction with the table produces a damping force with damping constant  $d \geq 0$ .

As usual, we denote by  $y(t)$  the displacement of the mass as a function of time, where  $y = 0$  represents the rest position of the mass.



The damping force is proportional to the object's velocity, acting in the opposite direction, and it is given by  $f_d = -d y'$ . Therefore, Newton's equation of motion in this case is

$$m y''(t) + d y'(t) + k y(t) = 0. \quad (1)$$

**Question 1.** (1 point) Show that the characteristic equation for the mass-spring second order equation

$$m y'' + d y' + k y = 0$$

is the same as the characteristic equation of the  $2 \times 2$  matrix  $A$ , the coefficient matrix of the first order reduction of the mass-spring equation,

$$\mathbf{x}' = A\mathbf{x}, \quad \mathbf{x} = \begin{bmatrix} y \\ y' \end{bmatrix}.$$

The interactive graph below shows different aspects of the solution to the mass-spring system. The interactive graph has two parts. In the top part it shows the graph of the position and velocity solutions of the mass-spring system as functions of time. In the bottom part the interactive graphs shows the direction field and the solution curves for the first order reduction of the mass-spring system.

**Interactive Graph Link.**

**Question 2.** For each of the three situations below do the following:

- (2a) (1 point per situation) Find the eigenvalues of the coefficient matrix of the first order reduction of the mass-spring system.
- (2b) (1 point per situation) Use the given interactive graph to make a sketch the solution curve in the  $yy'$ -plane. Also make a sketch of the position,  $y(t)$ , and velocity,  $y'(t)$ , of the mass attached to the spring as functions of  $t$ .
- (2c) (1 point per situation)
- Do the position and velocity functions oscillate in time?
  - Do the position and velocity functions decay in time or grow in time or neither?
  - Is the solution curve a closed curve or an open curve?
  - What is the limit  $t \rightarrow \infty$  of the position function, velocity function, and solution curve?
  - Can you change the initial data and find a solution of the mass-spring system with a closed curve **and** with a position function without oscillations in time?

**Situation (i):** Consider the case when there is **no friction** and  $\frac{k}{m} = 4$ .

**Situation (ii):** Consider the case when there is **small friction**,  $\frac{d}{m} = 1$  and  $\frac{k}{m} = 4$ .

**Situation (iii):** Consider the case when there is **large friction**,  $\frac{d}{m} = 4$  and  $\frac{k}{m} = 4$ .