| Name: | Section Number: |
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| TA Name: | Section Time: |

Math 20C Midterm Exam 2. May 26, 2006

No calculators or any other devices are allowed on this exam.

Write your solutions clearly and legibly; no credit will be given for illegible solutions.

Read each question carefully. If any question is not clear, ask for clarification.

Answer each question completely, and show all your work.

- 1. (a) (5 points) Find and sketch the domain of the function $f(x,t) = \ln(2x+3t)$.
 - (b) (5 points) Find all possible constants c such that the function f(x,t) above is solution of the wave equation, $f_{tt} c^2 f_{xx} = 0$.

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| \sum | |

2. (a) (5 points) Find the direction in which f(x,y) increases the most rapidly, and the directions in which f(x,y) decreases the most rapidly at P_0 , and also find the value of the directional derivative of f(x,y) at P_0 along these directions, where

$$f(x,y) = x^2 e^{3y}$$
, and $P_0 = (-1,0)$.

(b) (5 points) Find the directional derivative of f(x,y) above at the point P_0 in the direction given by $\mathbf{v} = \langle -1, 1 \rangle$.

- 3. (a) (5 points) Find the tangent plane approximation of $f(x,y) = x\cos(\pi y/2) y^2 e^x$ at the point (0,-1).
 - (b) (5 points) Use the linear approximation computed above to approximate the value of f(0.1, -0.9).

4. (10 points) Find every local and absolute extrema of $f(x,y) = y^2 + 3x^2 + 2x$ on the unit disk $x^2 + y^2 \le 1$, and indicate which ones are the absolute extrema. In the case of the interior stationary points, decide whether they are local maximum, minimum of saddle points.