

# MA 16010 Lesson 21: Properties of $f$ from $f'$ (graphically)

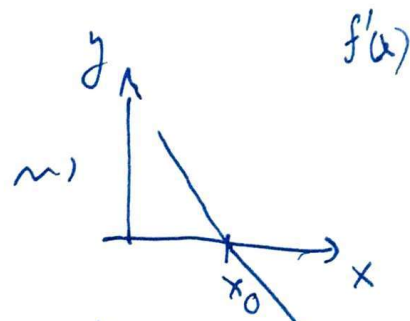
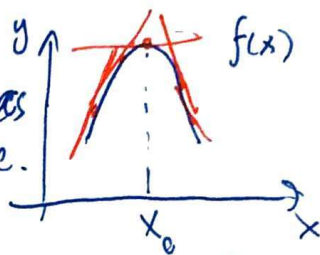
**Recall:** We may find the following information about a function  $y = f(x)$  in terms of  $f'(x)$ :

Critical numbers of  $f$ :  $x$  such that  $f'(x) = 0$

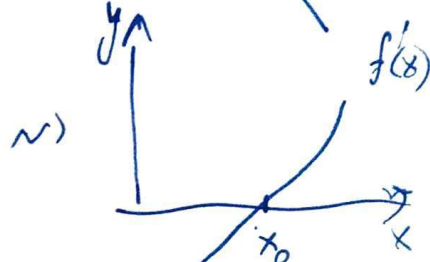
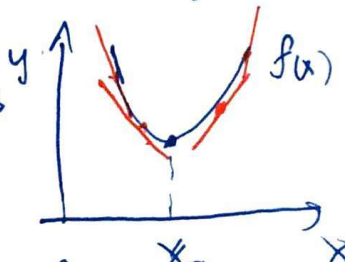
Where  $f$  is increasing: = where  $f'(x) > 0$

Where  $f$  is decreasing: = where  $f'(x) < 0$

Point of relative maximum of  $f$ :  
 = the point where  $f'(x)$  switches from being positive to being negative.

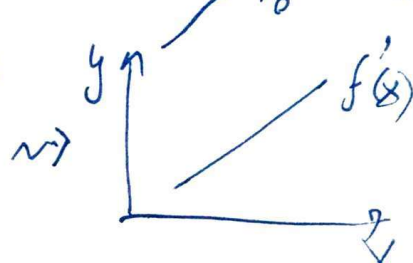
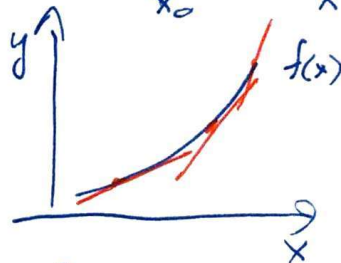


Point of relative minimum of  $f$ :  
 = the point where  $f'(x)$  switches from negative to positive



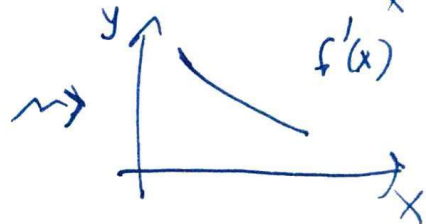
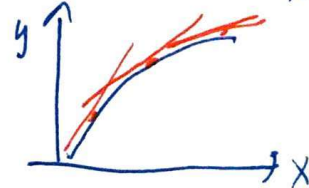
Where  $f$  is concave up:

(= where  $f''(x) > 0$ )  
 = where  $f'(x)$  is increasing



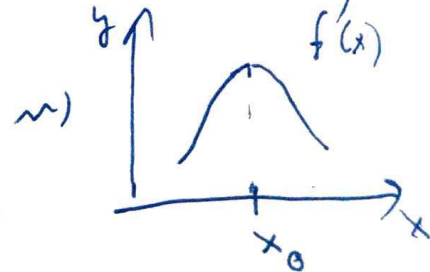
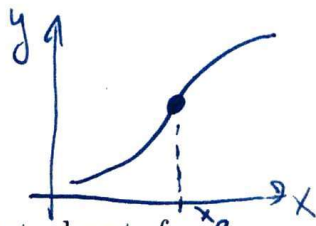
Where  $f$  is concave down:

= where  $f'(x)$  is decreasing



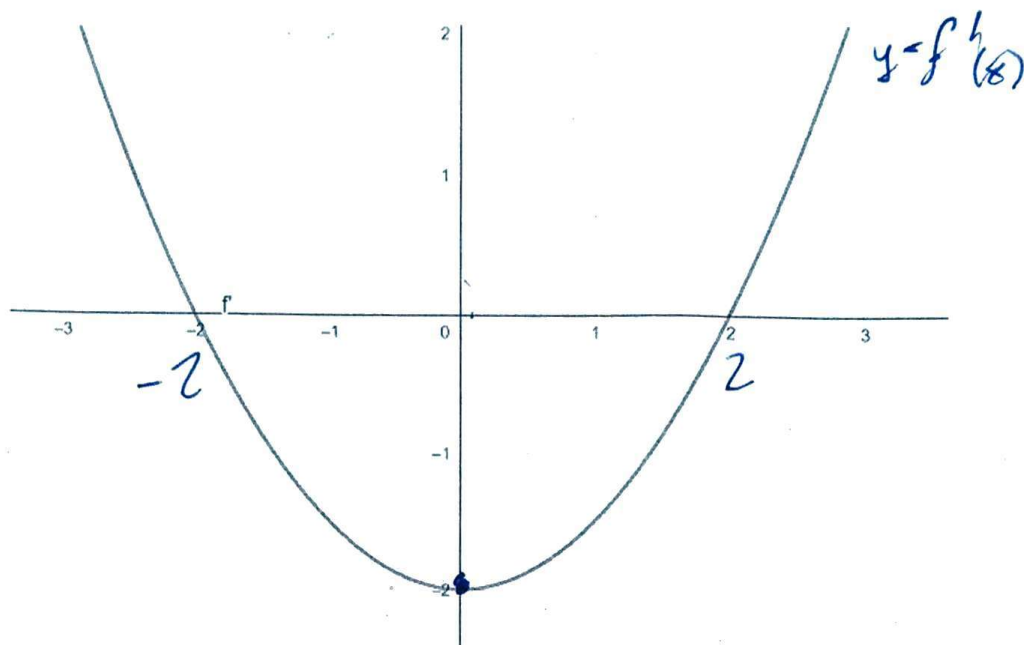
Where  $f$  has inflection point ( $x$ -coordinate):

= the points of rel. extrema of  $f'(x)$



→ From the graph of  $f'$ , we can tell a lot about  $f$ .

**Exercise:** Given the graph of  $f'(x)$  below, find the following about  $f(x)$ :



Critical numbers:  $x = -2, x = 2$

Increasing intervals:  $(-\infty, -2), (2, \infty)$

Decreasing intervals:  $(-2, 2)$

Relative maxima of  $f$  occur at  $x = -2$

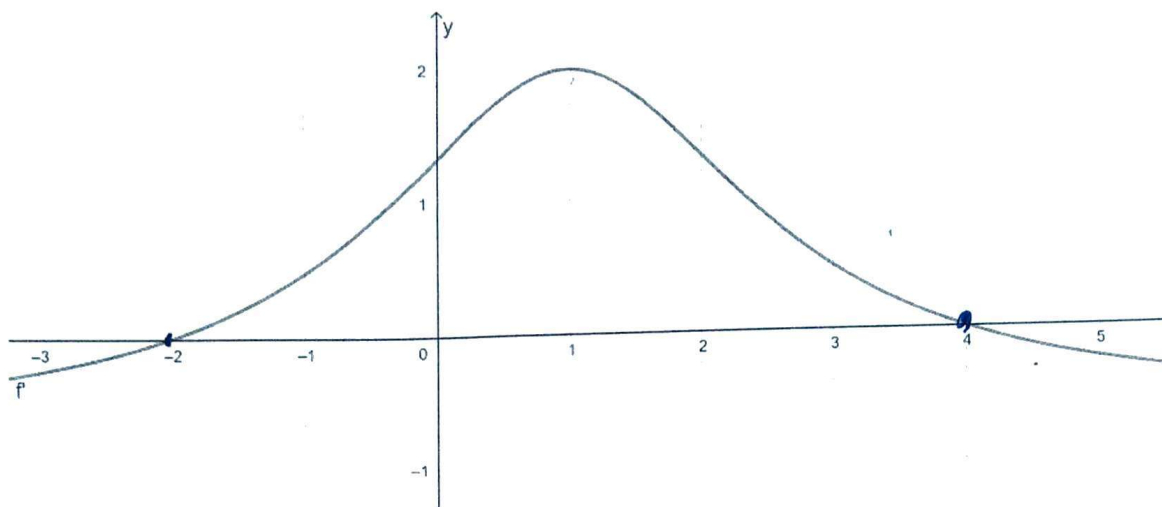
Relative minima of  $f$  occur at  $x = 2$

Concave up intervals:  $(0, \infty)$

Concave down intervals:  $(-\infty, 0)$

Inflection points ( $x$ -coordinate):  $x = 0$

**Exercise:** Given the graph of  $f'(x)$  below, find the following about  $f(x)$ :



Critical numbers:  $x = -2, x = 4$

Increasing intervals:  $(-2, 4)$

Decreasing intervals:  $(-\infty, -2), (4, \infty)$

Relative maxima of  $f$  occur at  $x = 4$

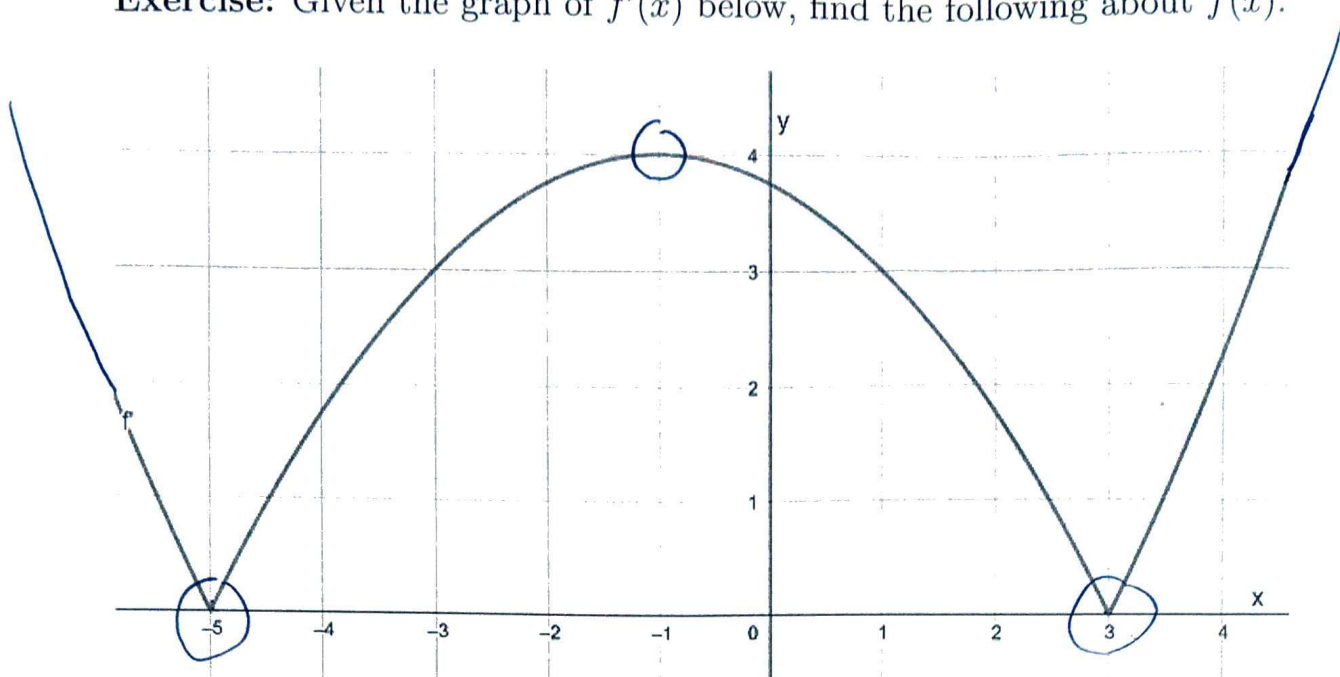
Relative minima of  $f$  occur at  $x = -2$

Concave up intervals:  $(-\infty, 1)$

Concave down intervals:  $(1, \infty)$

Inflection points ( $x$ -coordinate):  $x = 1$

**Exercise:** Given the graph of  $f'(x)$  below, find the following about  $f(x)$ :



Critical numbers:  $x = -5, x = 3$

Increasing intervals:  $(-\infty, -5), (-5, 3), (3, \infty) \rightsquigarrow \underline{\underline{(-\infty, \infty)}}$

Decreasing intervals: none

Relative maxima of  $f$  occur at  $x = \underline{\underline{none}}$

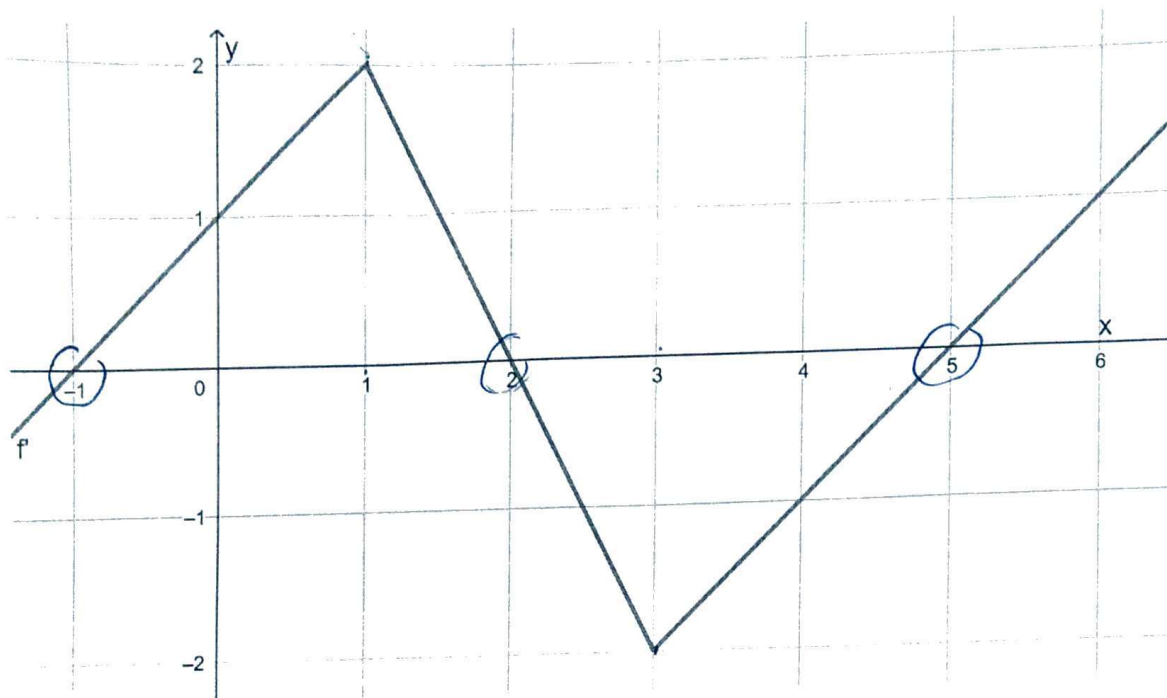
Relative minima of  $f$  occur at  $x = \underline{\underline{none}}$

Concave up intervals:  $(-5, -1), (3, \infty)$

Concave down intervals:  $(-\infty, -5), (-1, 3)$

Inflection points ( $x$ -coordinate):  $x = -5, x = -1, x = 3$

**Exercise:** Given the graph of  $f'(x)$  below, find the following about  $f(x)$ :



Critical numbers:  $x = -1, x = 2, x = 5$

Increasing intervals:  $(-1, 2), (5, \infty)$

Decreasing intervals:  $(-\infty, -1), (2, 5)$

Relative maxima of  $f$  occur at  $x = 2$

Relative minima of  $f$  occur at  $x = -1, x = 5$

Concave up intervals:  $(-\infty, 1), (3, \infty)$

Concave down intervals:  $(1, 3)$

Inflection points ( $x$ -coordinate):  $x = 1, 3$