

Math 421 / Homework 9.4

3 Suppose that A is open in \mathbf{R}^n and $\mathbf{f}: A \rightarrow \mathbf{R}^m$. Prove that \mathbf{f} is continuous on A if and only if $\mathbf{f}^{-1}(V)$ is open in \mathbf{R}^n for every open subset V of \mathbf{R}^m .

4 Suppose that A is closed in \mathbf{R}^n and $\mathbf{f}: A \rightarrow \mathbf{R}^m$. Prove that \mathbf{f} is continuous on A if and only if $\mathbf{f}^{-1}(E)$ is closed in \mathbf{R}^n for every closed subset E of \mathbf{R}^m .

6 Prove that

$$f(x, y) = \begin{cases} e^{-1/|x-y|} & x \neq y \\ 0 & x = y \end{cases}$$

is continuous on \mathbf{R}^2 .

7 Let H be a nonempty, closed, bounded subset of \mathbf{R}^n .

(a) Suppose that $\mathbf{f}: H \rightarrow \mathbf{R}^m$ is continuous. Prove that

$$\|\mathbf{f}\|_H := \sup_{\mathbf{x} \in H} \|\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{x})\|$$

is finite and there exists an $\mathbf{x}_0 \in H$ such that $\|\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{x}_0)\| = \|\mathbf{f}\|_H$.

(b) A sequence of functions $\mathbf{f}_k: H \rightarrow \mathbf{R}^m$ is said to **converge uniformly on H** to a function $\mathbf{f}: H \rightarrow \mathbf{R}^m$ if for every $\epsilon > 0$ there exists an $N \in \mathbf{N}$ such that

$$k \geq N \quad \text{and} \quad \mathbf{x} \in H \quad \text{imply} \quad \|\mathbf{f}_k(\mathbf{x}) - \mathbf{f}(\mathbf{x})\| < \epsilon.$$

Show that $\|\mathbf{f}_k - \mathbf{f}\|_H \rightarrow 0$ as $k \rightarrow \infty$ if and only if \mathbf{f}_k converges uniformly to \mathbf{f} on H .

(c) Prove that a sequence of functions \mathbf{f}_k converges uniformly on H if and only if for every $\epsilon > 0$ there exists an $n \in \mathbf{N}$ such that

$$k, j \geq N \quad \text{implies} \quad \|\mathbf{f}_k - \mathbf{f}_j\|_H < \epsilon.$$