

1. Suppose a tank is leaking water. At time 0 the tank has 50 liters of water and it leaks water at a rate of $r(t) = 50(1+t)^{-2}$ liters per minute. How long does it take until the tank is half empty?

TWO METHODS:

(i) Total leaked:

$$\int_0^t r(s) ds = \int_0^t 50(1+s)^{-2} ds$$

$$= \left[-50 \frac{1}{1+s} \right]_0^t$$

$$= 50 - 50 \frac{1}{1+t}$$

$$= 50 \frac{t}{1+t} = \underline{\underline{\frac{50}{2}}}$$

$$\frac{t}{1+t} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\therefore \boxed{t=1}$$

(ii) Initial value problem

$V \equiv$ amount in tank.

$$V'(t) = -r(t) = -50(1+t)^{-2}$$

$$V(t) = 50 \frac{1}{1+t} + C$$

$$V(0) = 50 \frac{1}{1+0} + C = 50 \rightarrow C = \underline{\underline{0}}$$

$$V(t) = 50 \frac{1}{1+t} = 25 = \underline{\underline{\frac{50}{2}}}$$

$$\therefore \boxed{t=1}$$

2. Let $G(x) = \int_0^x (5+u^2) du$ on $0 < x < 5$. Apply the mean value theorem to G on the interval $[0, 5]$ and find all c satisfying the mean value theorem.

$$G(x) = \int_0^x (5+u^2) du = \left(5u + \frac{1}{3}u^3 \right) \Big|_0^x = 5x + \frac{1}{3}x^3$$

$$\frac{G(5) - G(0)}{5-0} = 5 + \frac{25}{3} = \frac{40}{3} = G'(c)$$

$$G'(x) = 5 + x^2$$

$$5 + \frac{25}{3} = 5 + c^2$$

$$c = \pm \frac{5}{\sqrt{3}} \quad \text{but } c \in (0, 5)$$

$$\therefore \boxed{c = \frac{5}{\sqrt{3}}}$$