Review for Gateway Exam

Chapter 1

- 1. A population of fish has a growth rate proportional to the amount of fish present at that time, with a proportionality factor of $\frac{1}{5}$ per unit time.
 - (a) Write a differential equation of the form P' = F(P), which models this situation, where P is the number of fish as a function of time.
 - (b) Now, assume that we have the same fish population, reproducing as above, but we are harvesting fish at a **constant rate of 100** fish per unit time. Write the differential equation in this case.
 - (c) Assume that the initial fish population is 600 fish. Solve the ordinary differential equation in part(b) above with this given initial condition.
- 2. Use the Picard iteration to find the first 4 of a sequence $\{y_n\}$ of approximate solutions to the IVP

$$y'(t) = 8t^3y(t), \quad y(0) = 4.$$

3. Find the general solution to the following ODE

$$y' - 8y^2 \cos(t) - 7y^2 \sin(4t) = 0.$$

- 4. A radioactive material has a **decay rate** proportional to the amount of radioactive material present at that time, with a proportionality factor of 2 per unit time.
 - (a) Write a differential equation of the form P' = F(P), which models this situation, where P is the amount of radioactive material (measured in micrograms) as a function of time.
 - (b) Now, assume that we have the same radioactive material decaying as above, but we are **adding** additional material (of the same type) **at a constant rate of 6** micrograms per unit time. Write the differential equation in this case.
 - (c) Solve the ordinary differential equation in part (b) above, assuming the initial amount of radioactive material is 70 micrograms.
- 5. Find the solution to the following initial value problem

$$y' + 8y^3 \cos(7t) = 0, \qquad y(0) = 2.$$

6. Find the solution to the following IVP

$$ty' = 2y - 3t^3 \cos(4t), \qquad y(\pi/8) = 0.$$

7. Consider the differential equation

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = y(y^2 - 4)(y^2 + 9).$$

- (a) Find the **equilibrium solutions** of the ODE.
- (b) Construct a phase diagram and determine the stability of the critical points.
- (c) Make rough sketches of typical solution curves.
- 8. Find the solution to the following IVP

$$y' = \tan(t)y - 5t, \quad t \in [0, \frac{\pi}{2}), \qquad y(0) = 3.$$

9. Find an explicit expression for the solution y of the following initial value problem.

$$y' = \frac{3y^3 + t^3}{ty^2}, \quad y(1) = 2, \quad t \ge 1.$$

- 10. A glass of cold soda is placed into a room held at 30 C.
 - (a) If k is a (positive cooling constant), find the differential equation satisfied by the temperature, T(t) of the soda.
 - (b) Find the soda temperature as a function of time (and k), if the initial temperature of the soda was 2 C.
 - (c) If after 40 minutes the soda temperature was 10 C, find the cooling constant k.

Answers and Hints

Problem (1): Answer for (c): $P(t) = 500 + 100 e^{t/5}$. Problem (2): Partial Answer: $y_3(t) = 4 + 8t^4 + 8t^8 + \frac{16}{3}t^{12}$. Problem (3): Answer: $y(t) = \left(-8\sin(t) + \frac{7}{4}\cos(4t) + c\right)^{-1}$ Problem (4): Answer for (c): $P(t) = 3 + 67 e^{-2t}$ Problem (5): Answer: $y(t) = \left(\frac{16}{7}\sin(7t) + \frac{1}{4}\right)^{-1/2}$ Problem (6): Answer: $y(t) = \frac{3}{4}t^2 - \frac{3}{4}t^2\sin(4t)$ Problem (7): Answer to a portion of (b): critical pts: -2 (unstable), 0 (stable) , 2 (unstable). Problem (8): Answer: $y(t) = \frac{8}{\cos(t)} - 5t\tan(t) - 5$ Problem (9): Answer: $y(t) = t\left(\frac{17}{2}t^6 - \frac{1}{2}\right)^{1/3}$

Problem (10): Answer: (a) T' = -k(T-30); (b) $T(t) = 30 - 28e^{-kt}$; (c) $k = \frac{1}{40} \ln\left(\frac{7}{5}\right)$