Math 20A First Midterm Exam. October 22, 2002 VERSION 1

Instructions: Fifty-five minutes. No books or notes; graphing calculators without symbolic manipulation programs are permitted. Do all 6 problems in your blue book. Show all work; unsubstantiated answers will not receive credit. Turn in your exam sheet with your blue book.

- 1. (20 points) The function g(x) defined on the interval (0,2) satisfies g(1) = 2 and g'(1) = -1.
 - (a) Find an equation for the line tangent to the graph y = g(x) at x = 1.
 - (b) Find the value of $\lim_{x \to 1} \frac{g(x) 2}{x 1}$.
- 2. (20 points) Find an exact value of $\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{\sqrt{2-x} \sqrt{2}}{x}$ and justify your answer.
- 3. (20 points) A car drives down a road and is at distance (in miles) $d(t) = 60\left(\frac{1}{1+t} \frac{1}{5}\right)$ from its destination after t hours.
 - (a) What is the average velocity while traveling between t = 2 and t = 3?
 - (b) Express its instantaneous velocity at time t = 2 as a limit.
 - (c) Compute the limit.

Be sure to indicate the units in (a), (b), and (c) above.

- 4. (20 points) Prove that there is at least one negative real number x satisfying the equation
 - $x^3 x + 1 = 0$. (You must use a theorem, not just a graph.)
- 5. (20 points) Find all the horizontal asymptote(s) of the curve $y = \frac{x+5}{\sqrt{9x^2+5}}$. Justify your answer.
- 6. (20 points) Let a > 0 and consider

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 3 - ax^2, & x < 1; \\ a^x + 2, & x \ge 1. \end{cases}$$

Show that there is a unique value of a such that f is continuous at every real number. (A correct value of a will not be sufficient; you must justify your answer.)