022

Section:

Name: Solutions _____

Clear your desk of everything excepts pens, pencils and erasers. Show all your work. If you have a question raise your hand and I will come to you.

1. (3 points) Let $f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$. Use the definition of the derivative to compute f'(1).

$$f'(1) = \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{\frac{1}{1+h} - \frac{1}{1}}{h}$$
$$= \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{1 - (1+h)}{(1+h)h}$$
$$= \lim_{h \to 0} -\frac{h}{(1+h)h}$$
$$= \lim_{h \to 0} -\frac{1}{1+h}$$
$$= -1$$

(use common denominator) (cancelation: 1 - 1 = 0) (cancelation: $\frac{h}{h} = 1$) (direct substitute h = 0)

2. (3 points) Evaluate the limit

$$\lim_{x \to 25} \frac{x - 25}{\sqrt{x} - 5}$$

$$= \lim_{x \to 25} \frac{x - 25}{\sqrt{x} - 5} \cdot \left(\frac{\sqrt{x} + 5}{\sqrt{x} + 5}\right)$$
$$= \lim_{x \to 25} \frac{(x - 25)(\sqrt{x} + 5)}{x - 25}$$
$$= \lim_{x \to 25} \sqrt{x} + 5$$
$$= 10$$

(Multiply by conjugate on top/bottom)

(Expand the bottom and cancel)

(direct substitution)

- 3. Let $f(x) = 1 x\sqrt{x}$.
 - (a) (2 points) Find the derivative function f'(x). We can use the product rule and power rule.

$$f'(x) = \frac{d}{dx}(1 - x\sqrt{x})$$
$$= 0 - \left((1)\sqrt{x} + x\frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}\right)$$
$$= -(\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{x})$$
$$= -\frac{3}{2}\sqrt{x}.$$

(b) (2 points) Find the equation of the tangent line to f(x) at the point (1,0). The slope of the tangent line is given by $f'(1) = -\frac{3}{2}$. Using the point-slope form for the tangent line we have that

$$-\frac{3}{2} = \frac{y-0}{x-1}.$$
$$y = -\frac{3}{2}x + \frac{3}{2}.$$

Solving for y